

## Overview of Numbers and Operations

	Foundation	Lower Primary	Middle Primary	Upper Primary	Lower Secondary	Middle Secondary
<b>Whole numbers</b>	• 1 to 10 • 0 to 20 • 0 to 100	• 0 to 1000	• 0.01 to 9999	• 0.001 to millions and beyond	• calculate with powers • binary numbers	
<b>Fractions</b>		• unit fractions • equivalent fractions	• x with models link to ratios	• +, -, x ÷		
<b>Decimals</b>		• money amounts	• hundredths +, -	• thousandths +, -, x (2 decimal places)	• link with fractions, ratios, %	• calculate in index form • system of real numbers
<b>Integers</b>				• count into negatives	• all operations, with models and as inverses	
<b>Irrationals</b>					• irrationals (pi, square roots etc)	• surd arithmetic
<b>Meanings of addition and subtraction</b>	• combine two sets	• change one set (add to or take away from)	• compare two sets		• 'compare' important to subtract a negative number	
<b>Meanings of multiplication</b>	• make equal groups	• x as repeated addition skip count	• array model • area model	• enlargement and reduction (include numbers <1)	• working with %, rates, ratios	
<b>Meanings of division</b>		• partition	• quotient	• inverse of multiplication • don't divide by zero	• working with %, rates, ratios	
<b>Factors</b>		• skip counting	• multiplication tables	• LCM from sets of multiples • square numbers	• factors & factor trees • factorisation into prime powers	• HCF, LCM from prime factors • HCF from Euclidean algorithm
	<b>Foundation</b>	<b>Lower Primary</b>	<b>Middle Primary</b>	<b>Upper Primary</b>	<b>Lower Secondary</b>	<b>Middle Secondary</b>